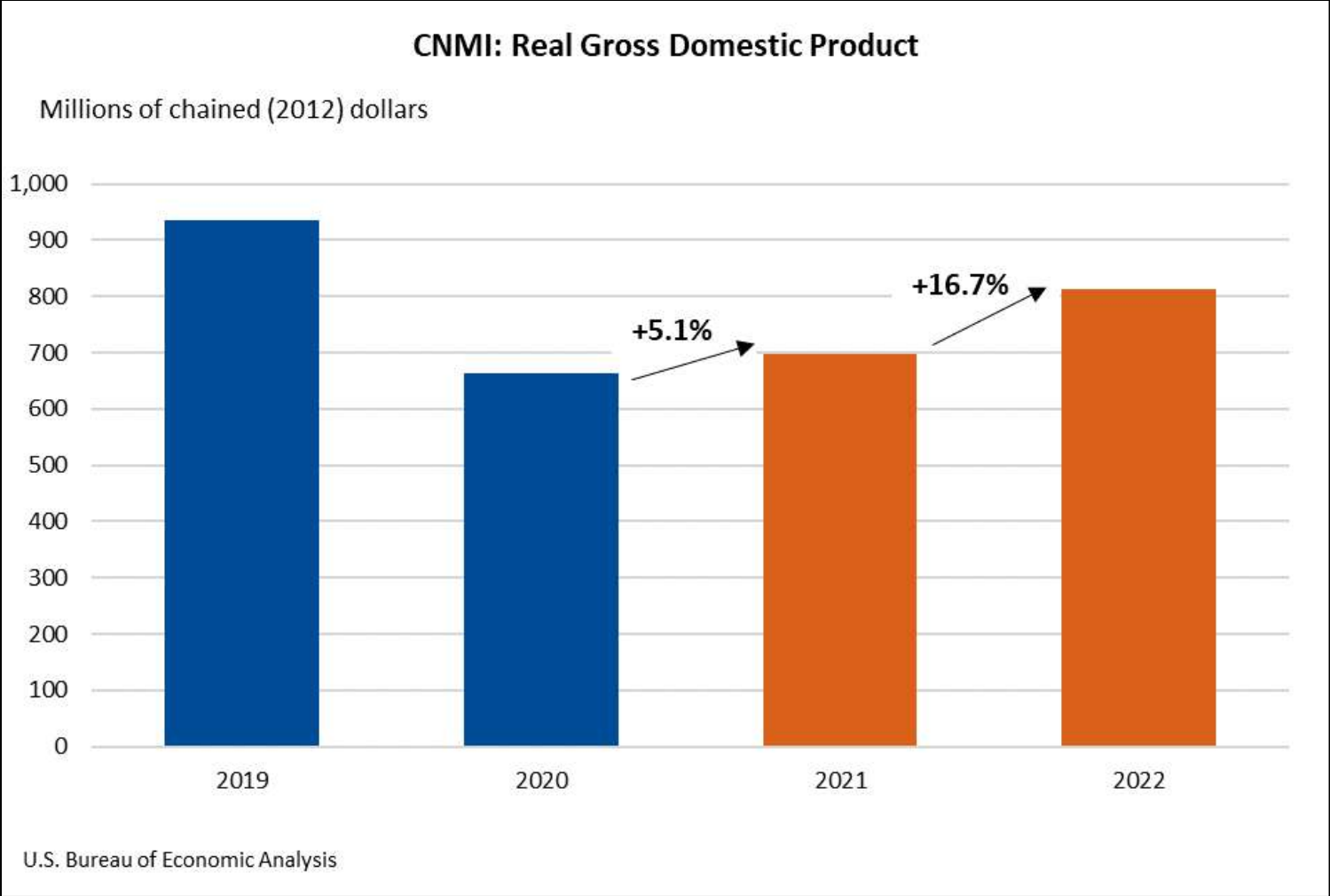


**Commonwealth of the
Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI) GDP:
New estimates for 2021 and 2022
Updated estimates for 2018–2020**

Official release date/time: November 21, 2024 6pm ET

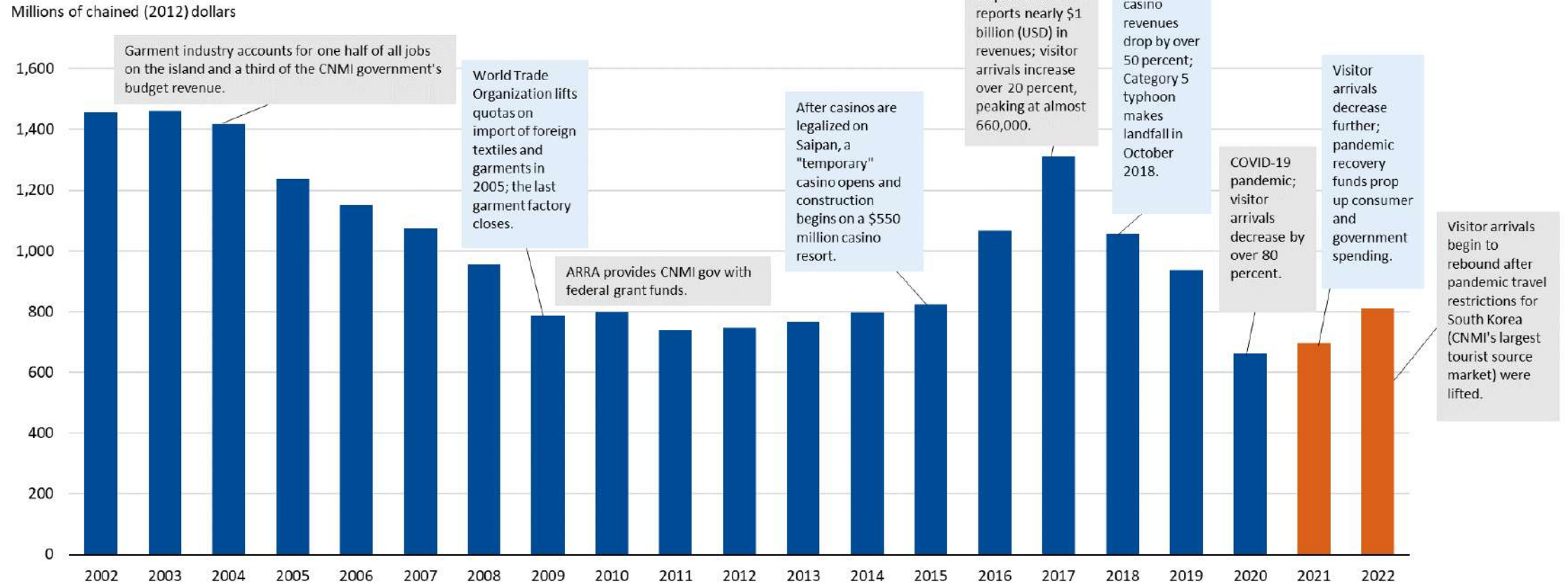


Real GDP growth, 2021 and 2022



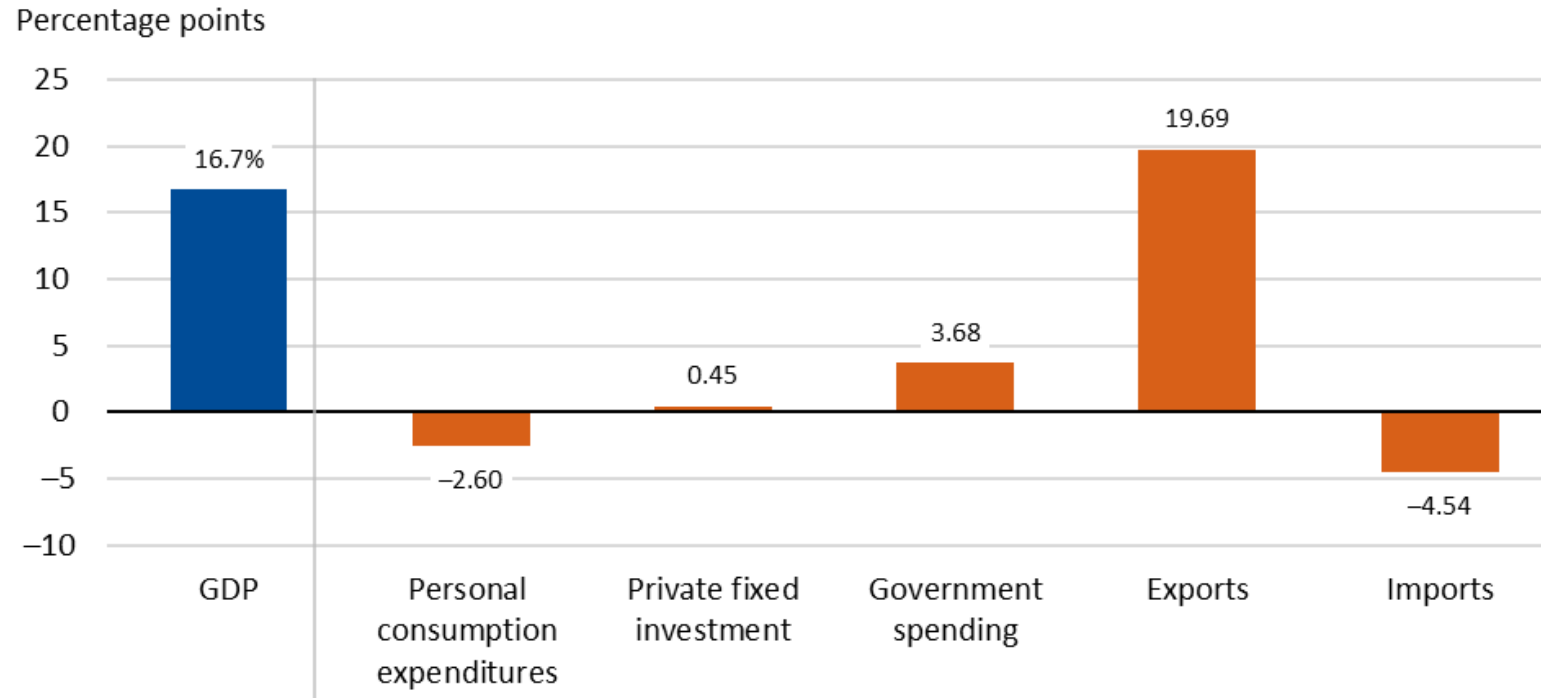
Timeline of GDP

CNMI: Real Gross Domestic Product



Contributors to real GDP growth, 2022

Chart 1. CNMI: Contributions to the Percent Change in Real GDP, 2022



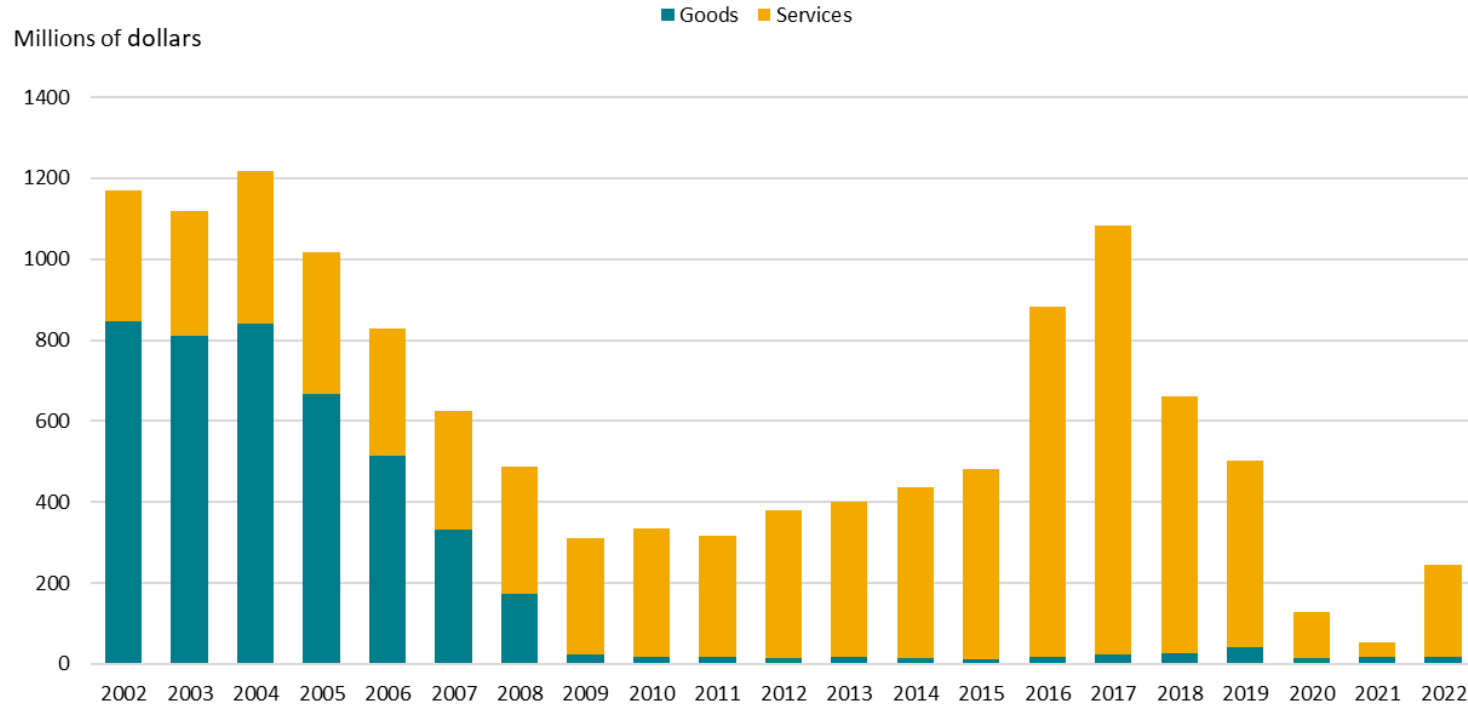
Note. The chart shows the percent change of total real GDP and the contributions (in percentage points) of each major component to that change. For example, government spending accounted for 3.68 percentage points of the 16.7 percent increase in real GDP in 2022. Imports are a subtraction item; thus, an increase in imports results in a negative contribution to GDP.

CNMI Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

GDP Gross domestic product

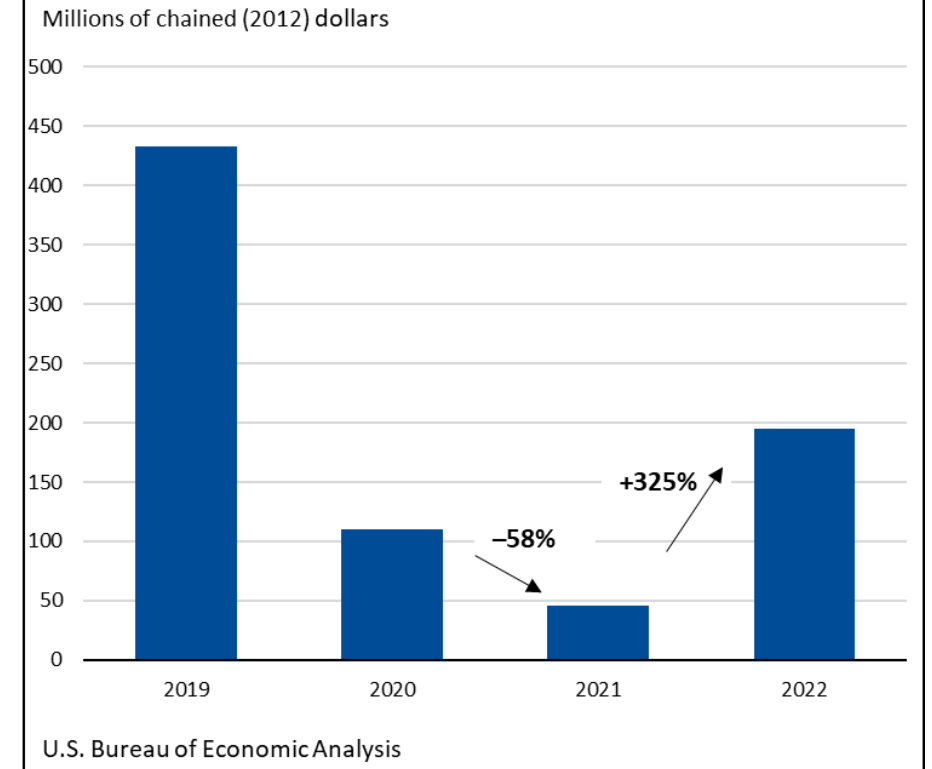
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

CNMI: Exports of Goods and Services

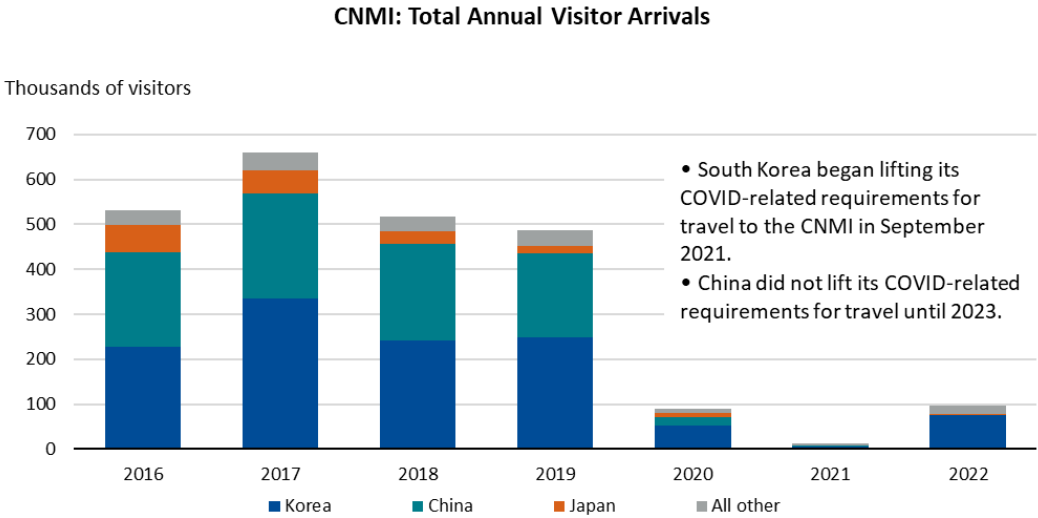
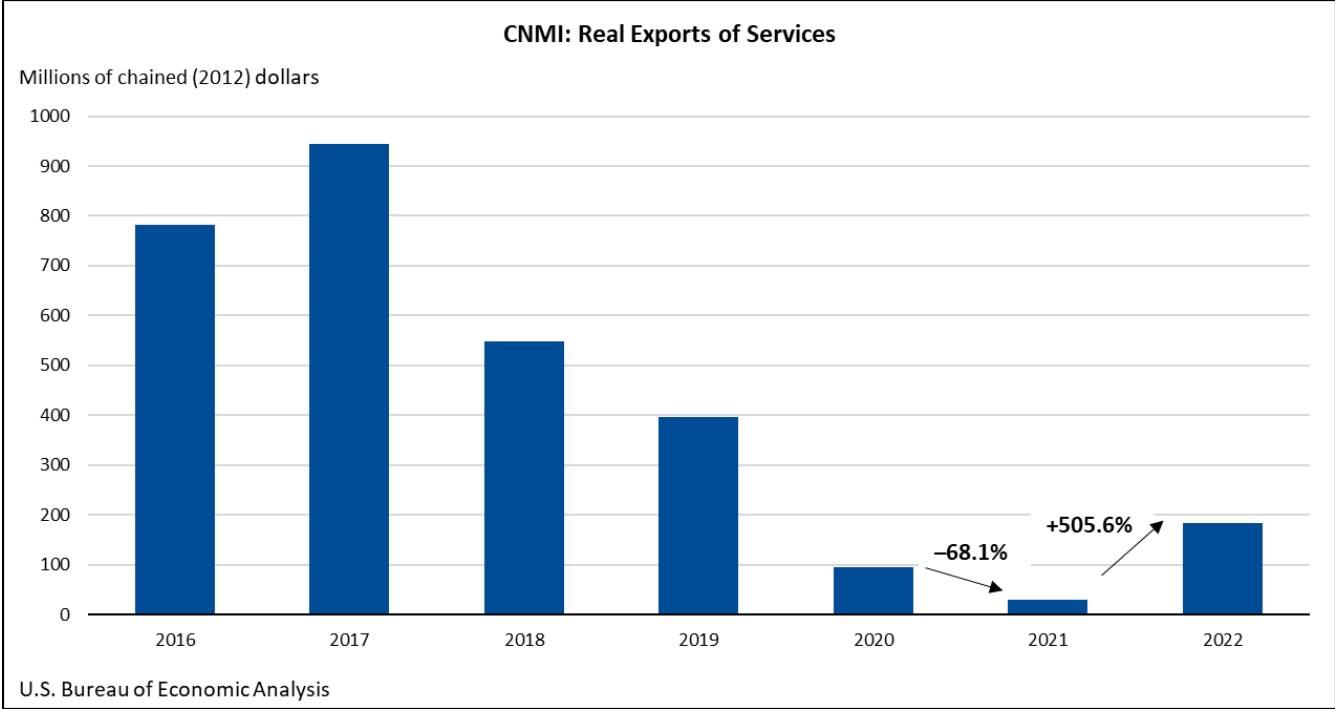


U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

CNMI: Real Exports of Goods and Services

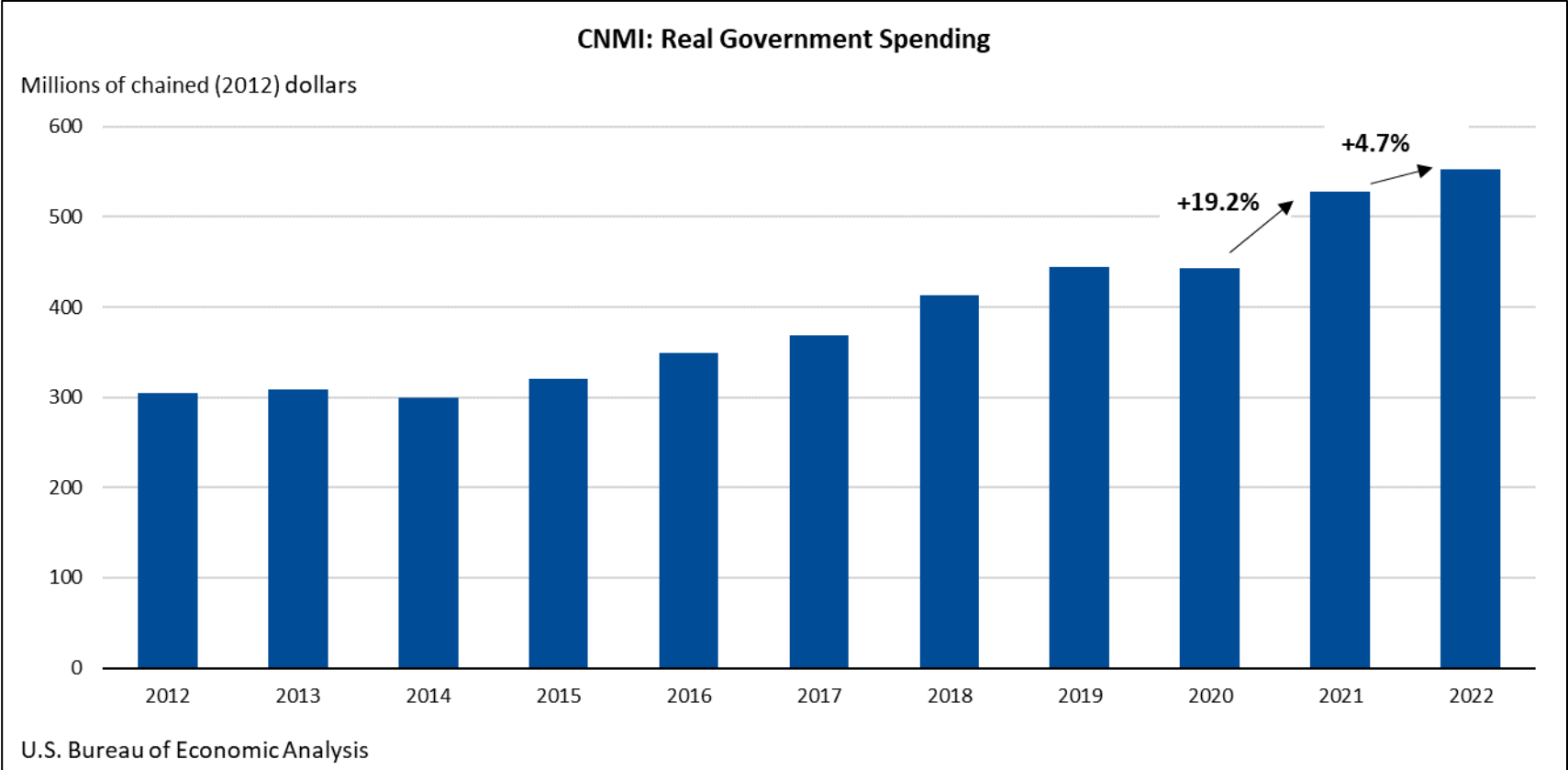
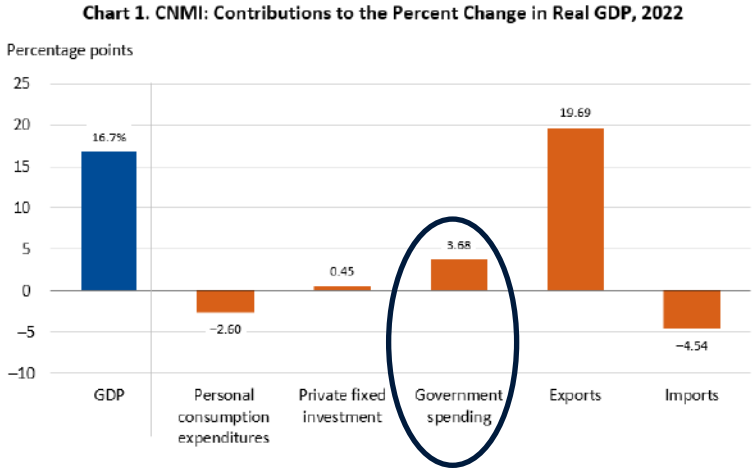


Exports of services



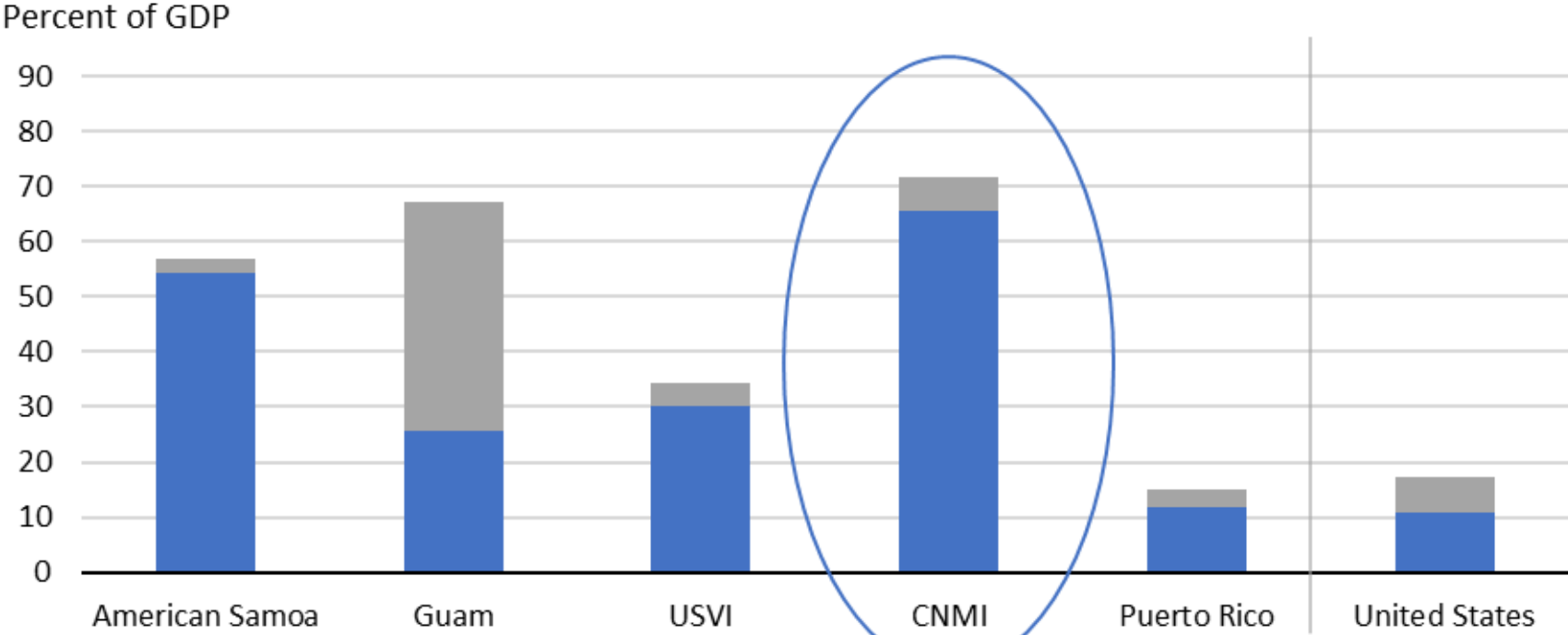
Note. Primary source of visitor arrival data is Marianas Visitors Authority arrival reports; 2020 breakout of arrivals by country is imputed by BEA using data reported by the CNMI Central Statistics Division.
 Text sources. CNMI Department of Finance Fiscal Year 2022 Annual Report; "Focus: Northern Marianas seeks to revive tourism amid stopped China flights." *Kyodo News*, October 6, 2024.

Government spending



Ratio of Government Spending to Gross Domestic Product for U.S. Territories and the United States, 2022

■ Federal government ■ Territorial or state and local government

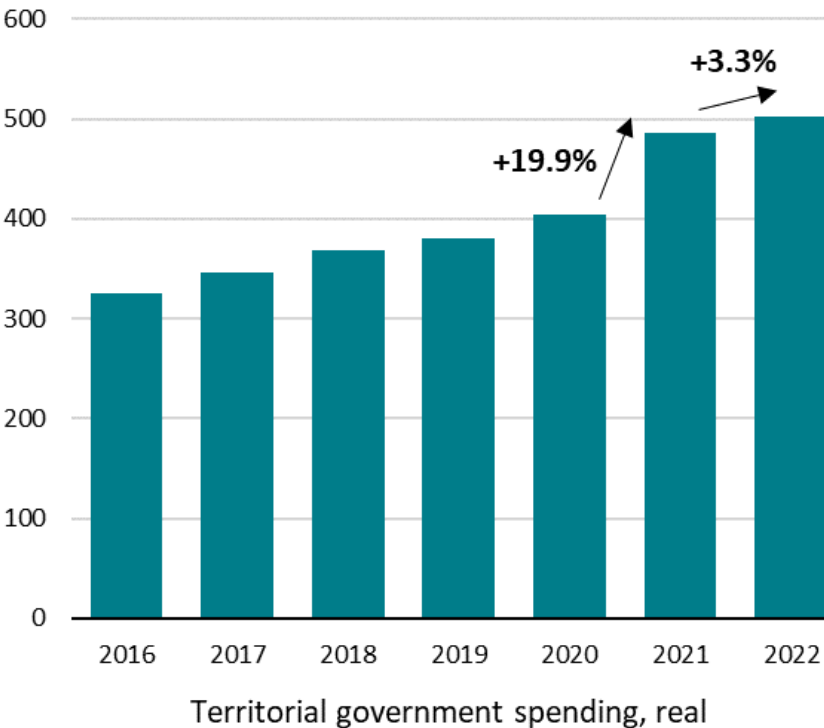


Note. Estimates of government spending and gross domestic product (GDP) for the United States include the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

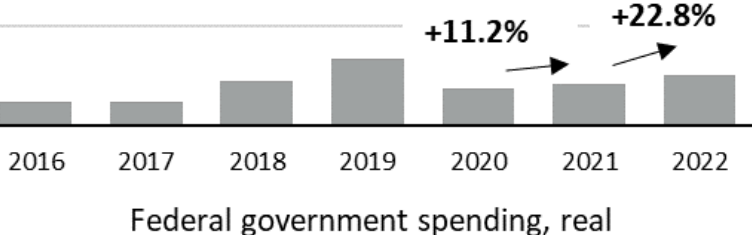
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

CNMI: Real Government Spending

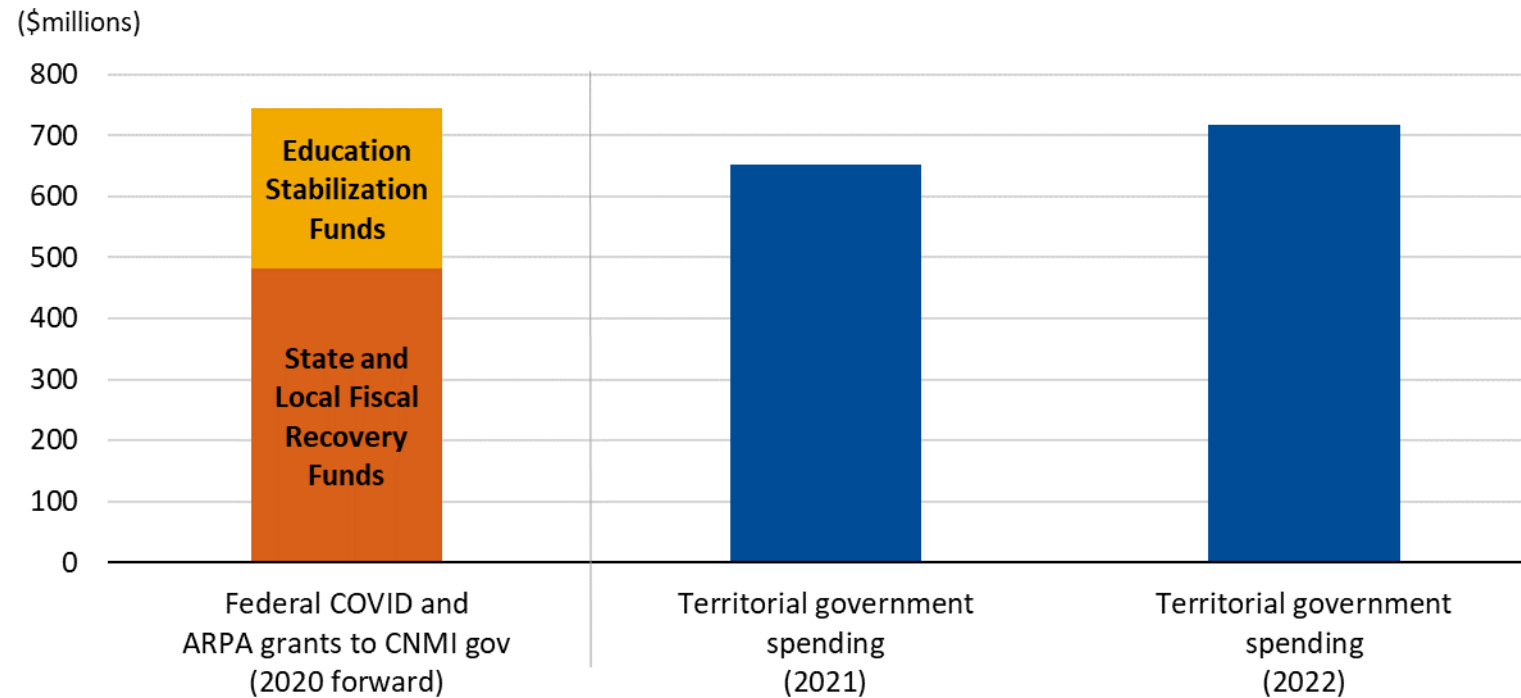
Millions of chained (2012) dollars



Federal grants are reflected in the GDP estimates when they are spent and by the sector that spent them. For example, federal pandemic recovery grants appear in the territorial government spending component of GDP when spent by the CNMI government to support its operations.



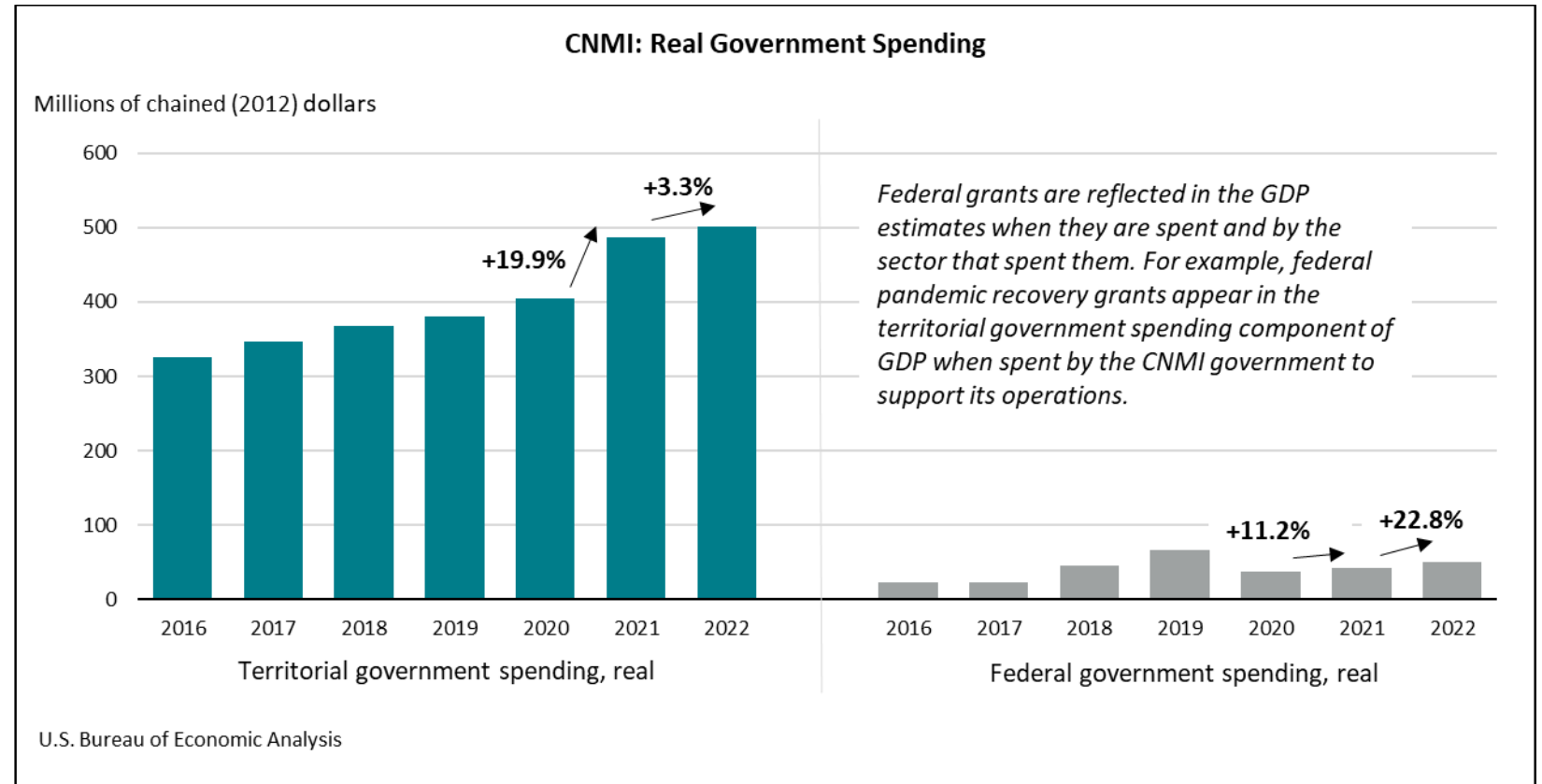
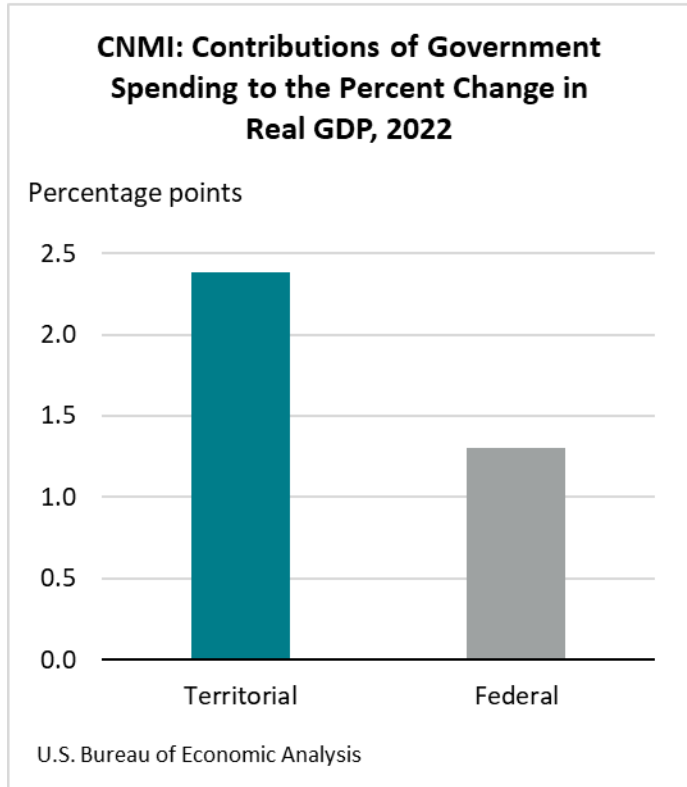
Federal Pandemic Response and Recovery Grants Supporting CNMI Government Operations



Note. Chart shows the amounts of federal Education Stabilization Funds and State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds allocated to the CNMI government by the 2020 CARES Act, the 2021 Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, and the 2021 American Rescue Plan Act.

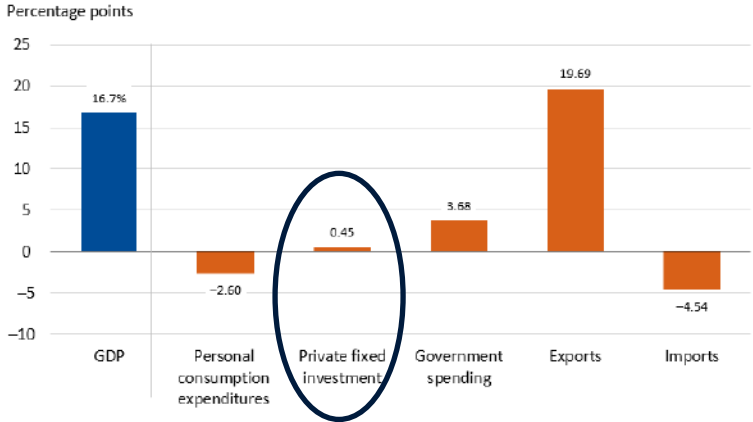
Sources. U.S. Department of the Treasury; U.S. Department of Education; U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Federal government spending

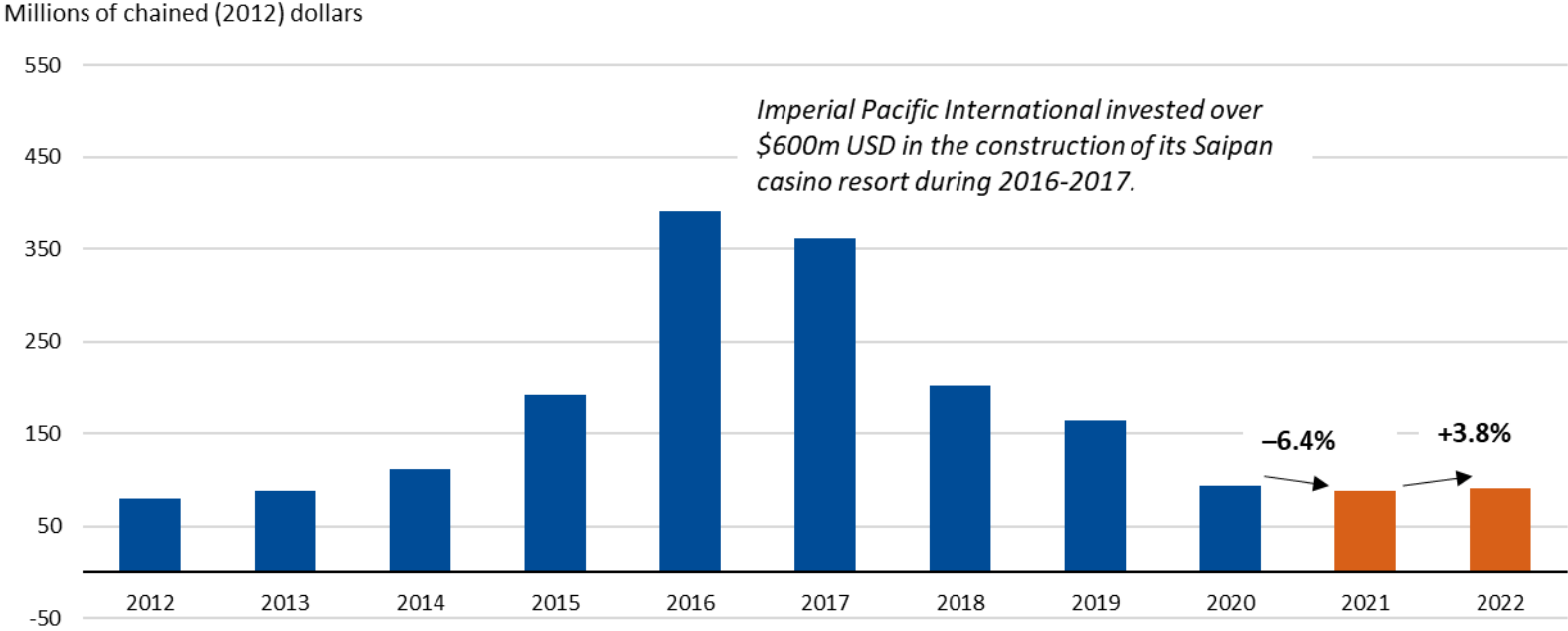


Private fixed investment

Chart 1. CNMI: Contributions to the Percent Change in Real GDP, 2022



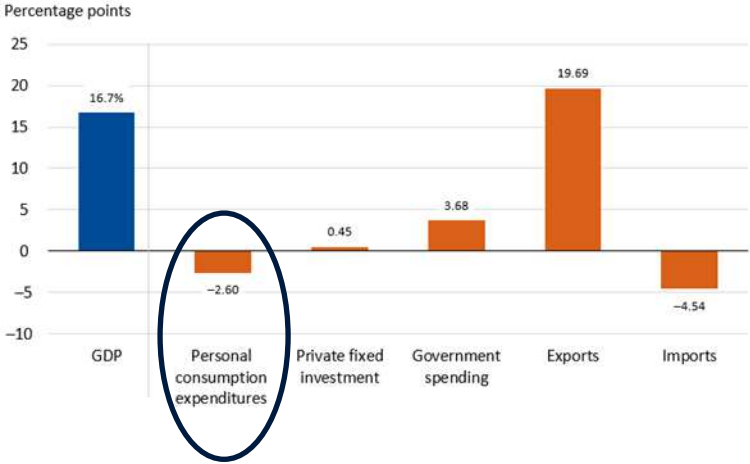
CNMI: Real Private Fixed Investment



Text source. BEA analysis of 2016 and 2017 Imperial Pacific International Holdings Annual Reports.
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

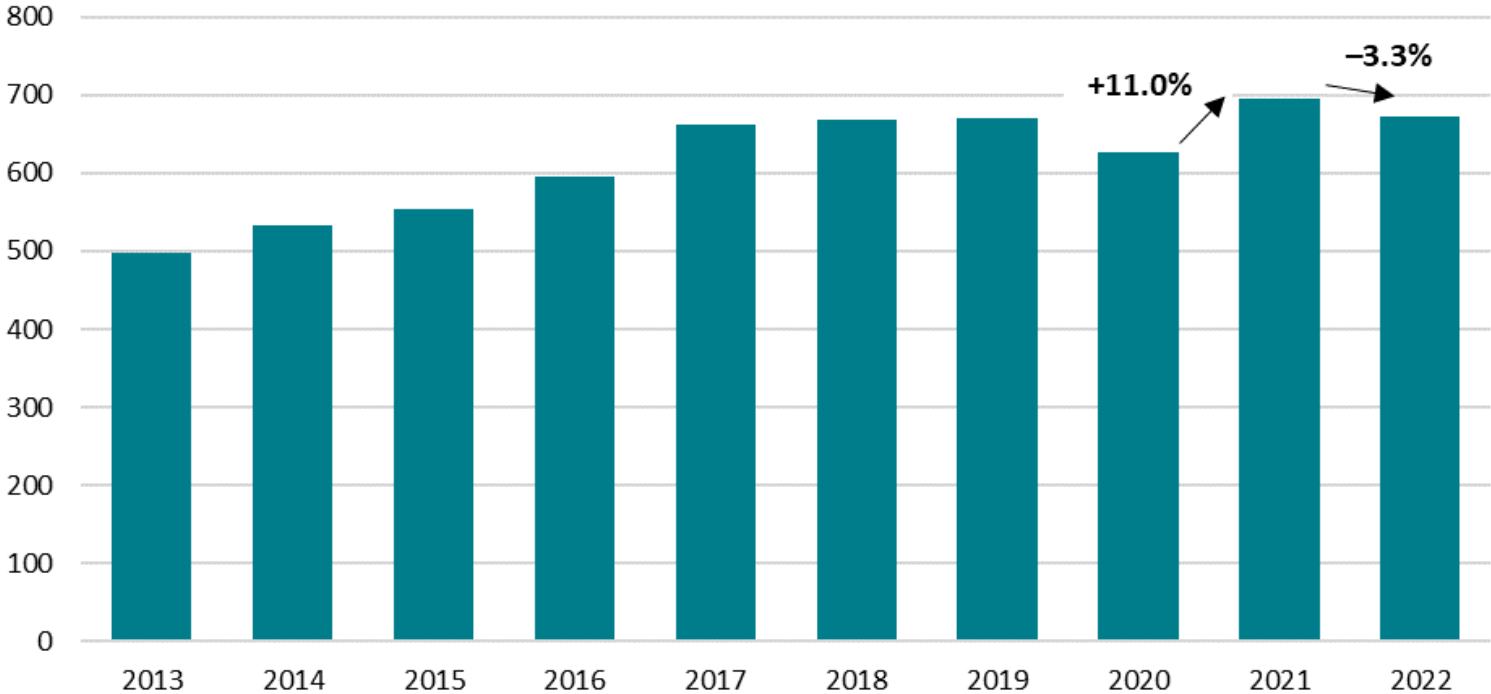
Personal consumption expenditures

Chart 1. CNMI: Contributions to the Percent Change in Real GDP, 2022



CNMI: Real Personal Consumption Expenditures

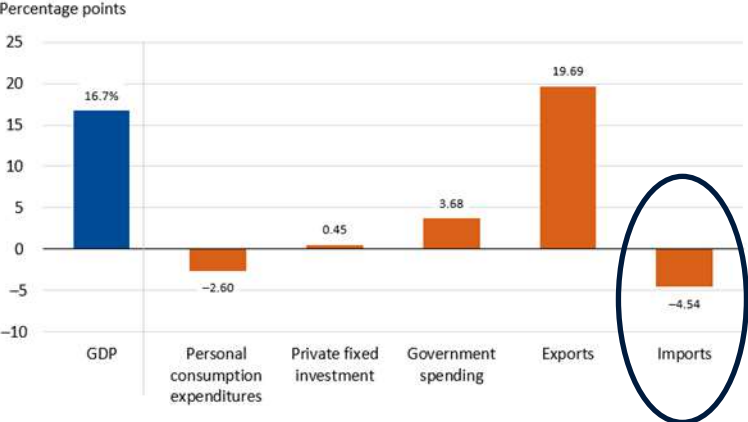
Millions of chained (2012) dollars



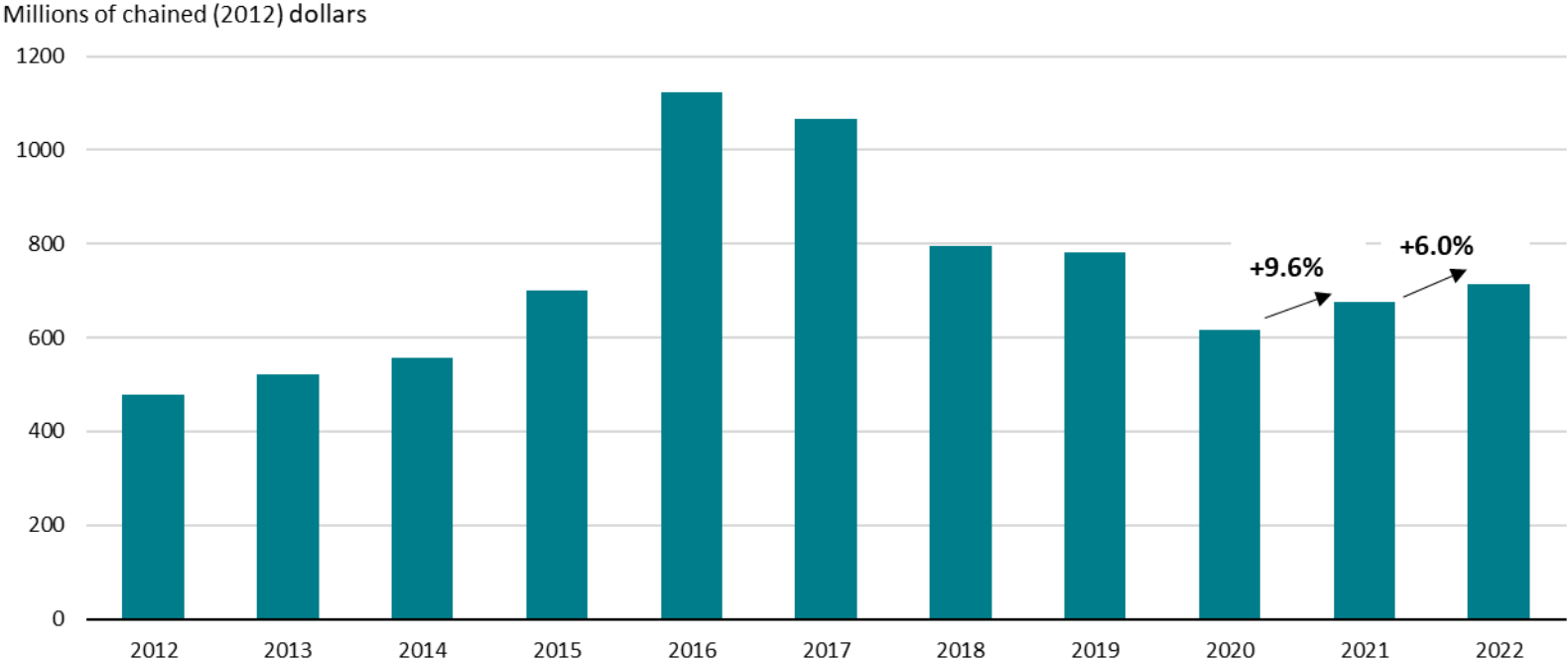
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Imports

Chart 1. CNMI: Contributions to the Percent Change in Real GDP, 2022

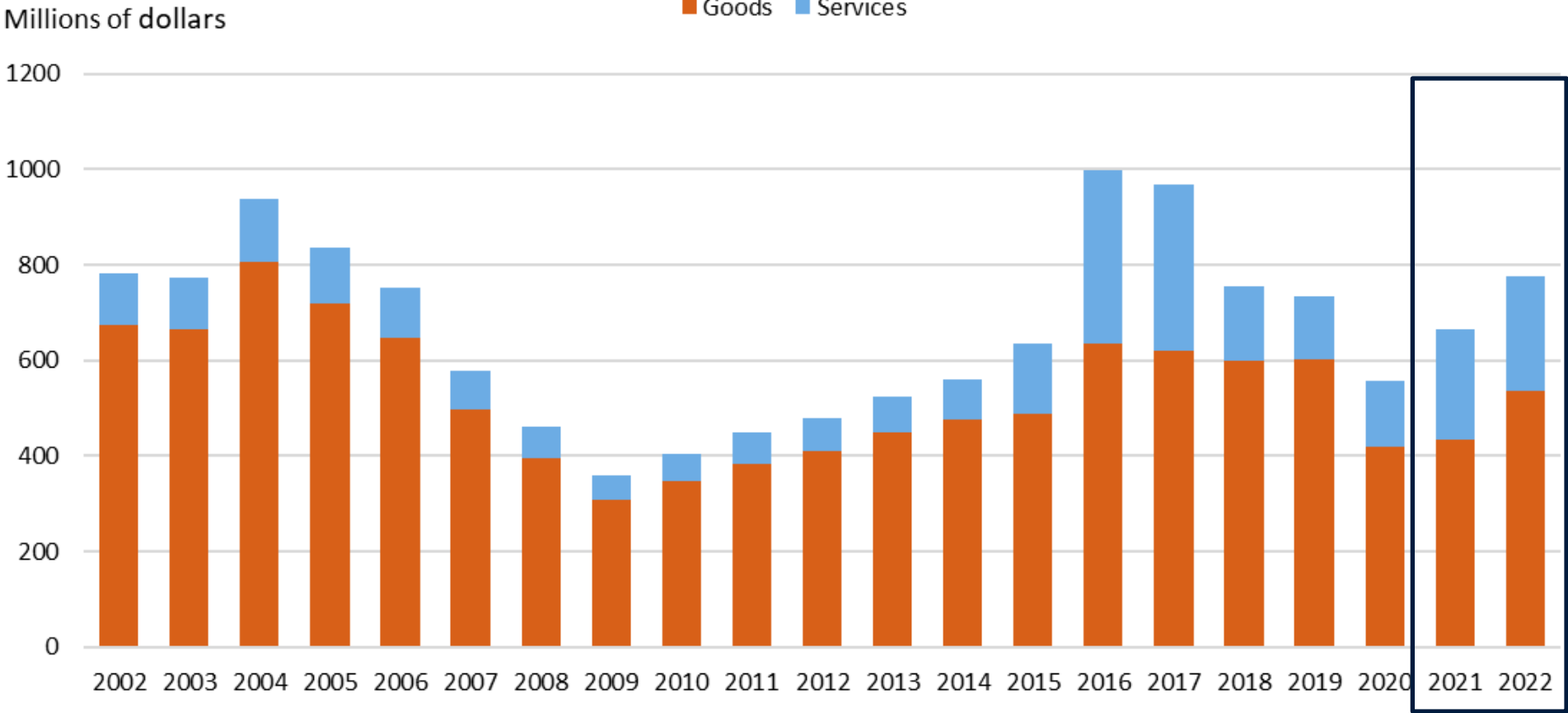


CNMI: Real Imports of Goods and Services



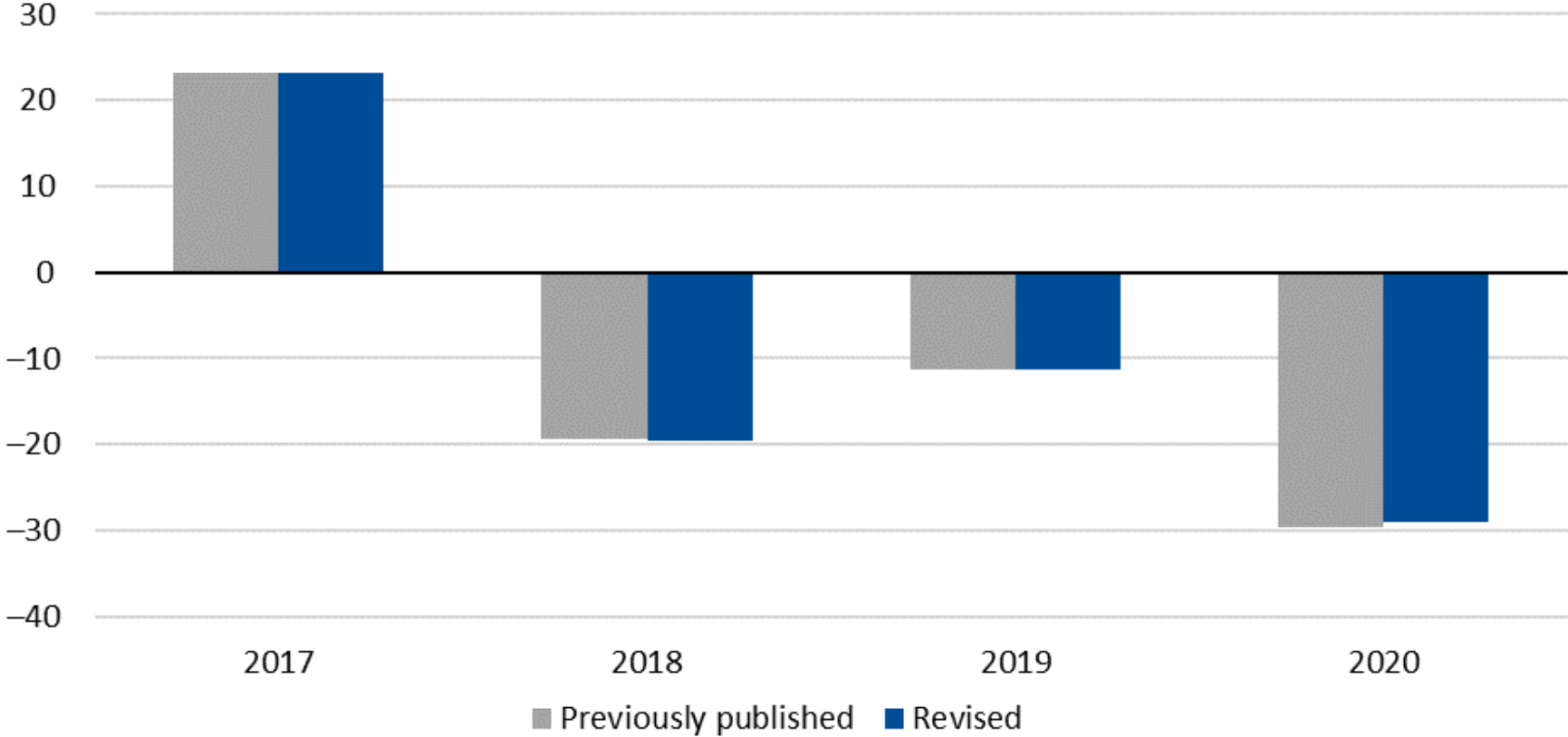
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

CNMI: Imports of Goods and Services



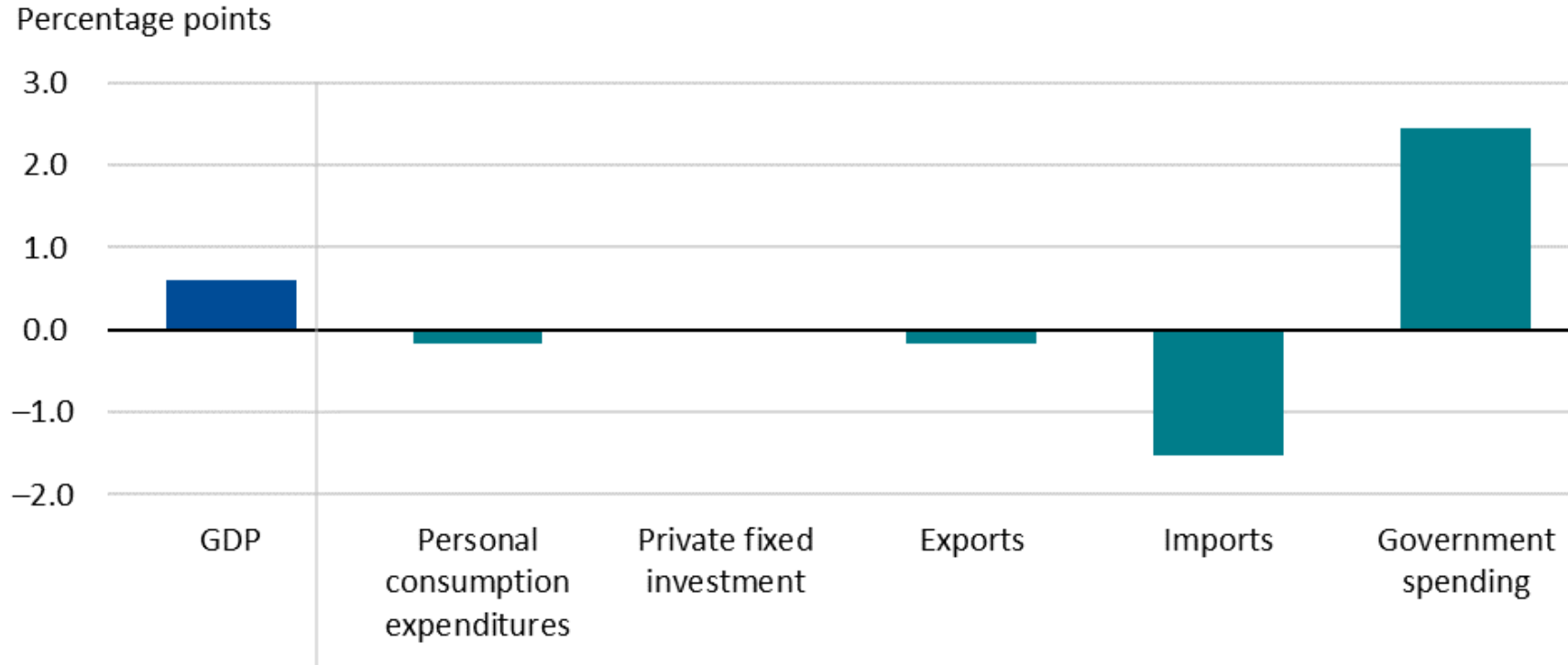
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

CNMI: Percent Change from Preceding Year in Real GDP



U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

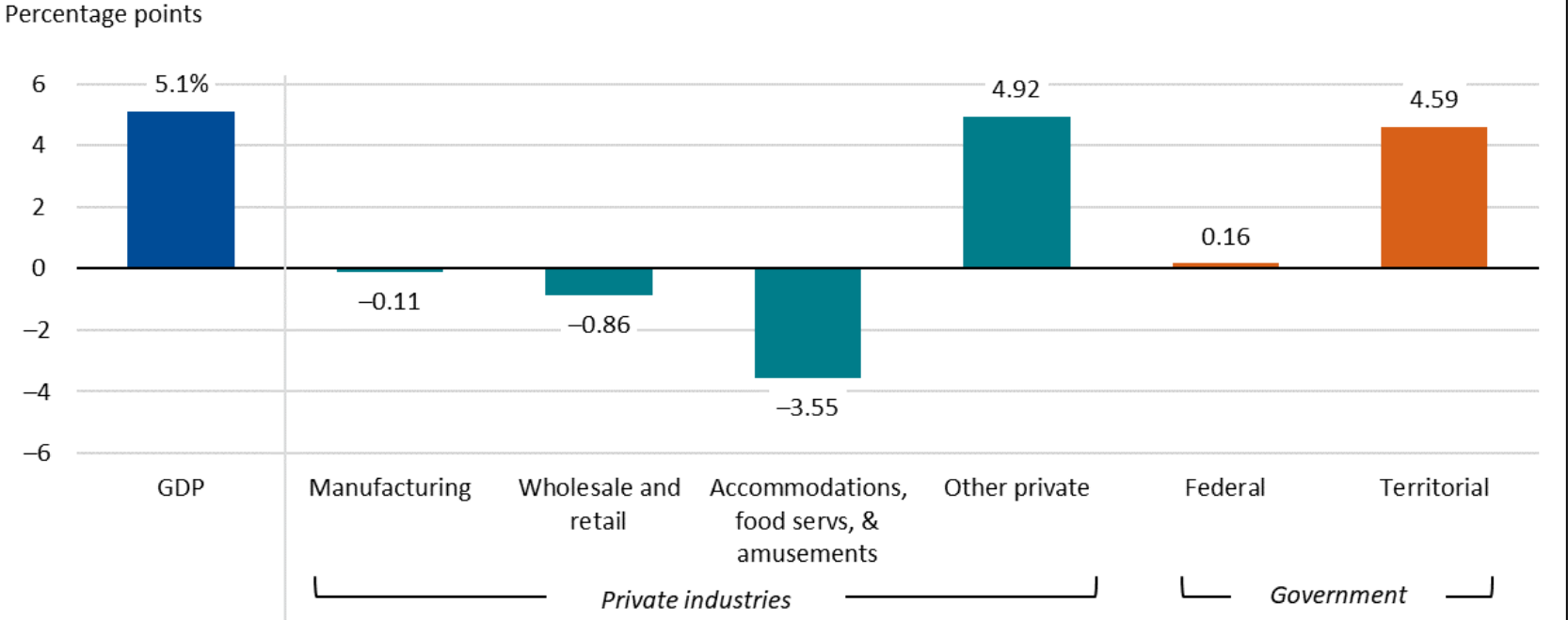
CNMI: Real GDP growth was revised up from -29.7 percent to -29.1 percent in 2020



Note. The chart shows the revision to the percent change of total real GDP and the contributions of each major component to that revision. For example, government spending accounted for 2.45 percentage points of the 0.6 percentage point upward revision to real GDP in 2020. Imports are a subtraction item; thus, an upward revision to the change in imports results in a downward revision to its contribution to GDP.
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

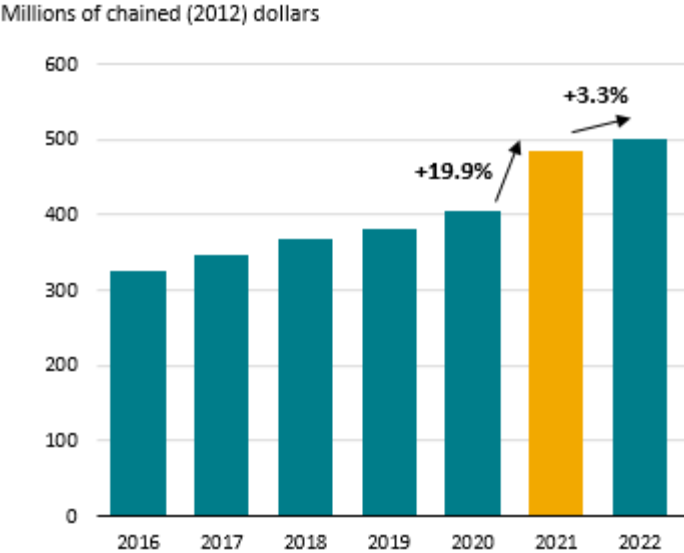
GDP by industry, 2021

CNMI: Contributions to Percent Change in Real GDP by Industry, 2021



Note. The chart shows the percent change of total real GDP and the contributions (in percentage points) of each major industry grouping to that change. For example, territorial government accounted for 4.59 percentage points of the 5.1 percent increase in real GDP in 2021.
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

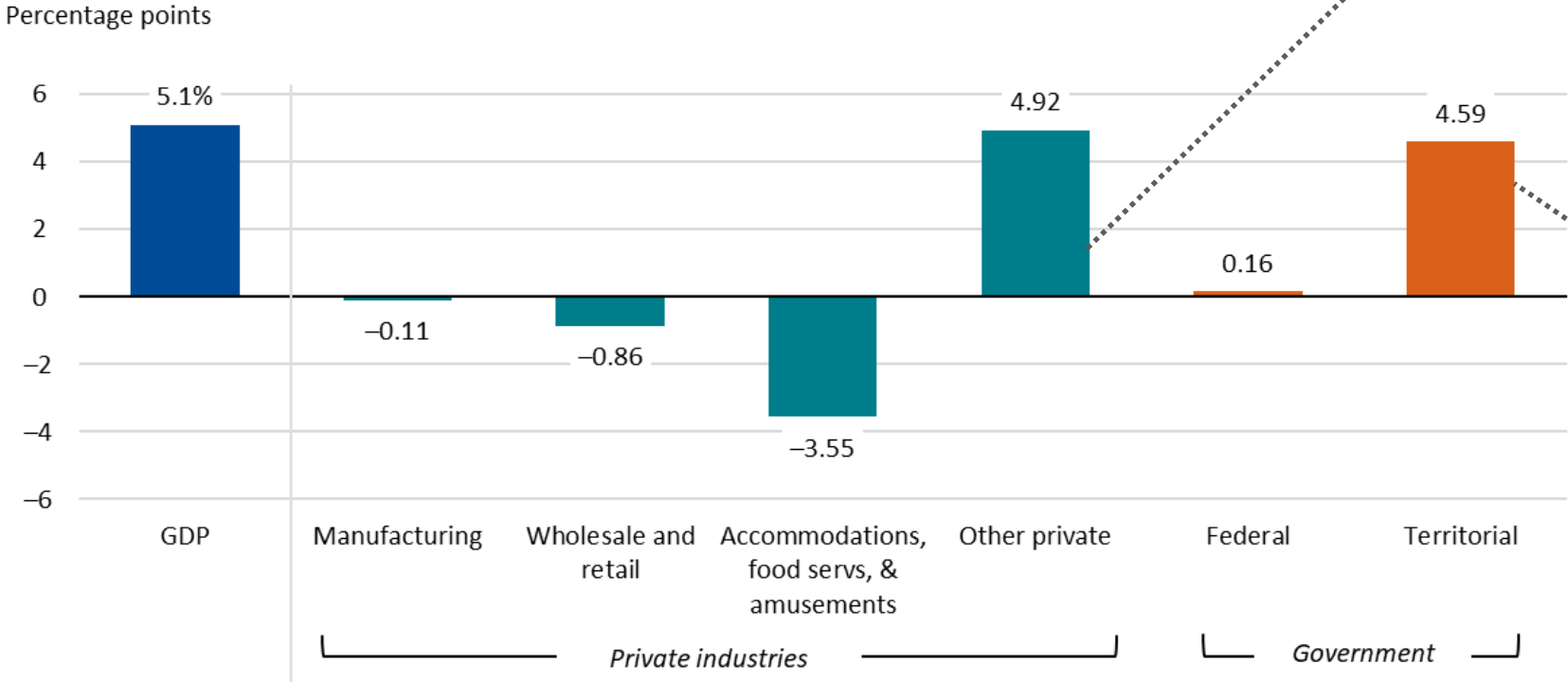
Growth in territorial government spending in expenditure-side GDP:



U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

GDP by industry, 2021

CNMI: Contributions to Percent Change in Real GDP by Industry, 2021



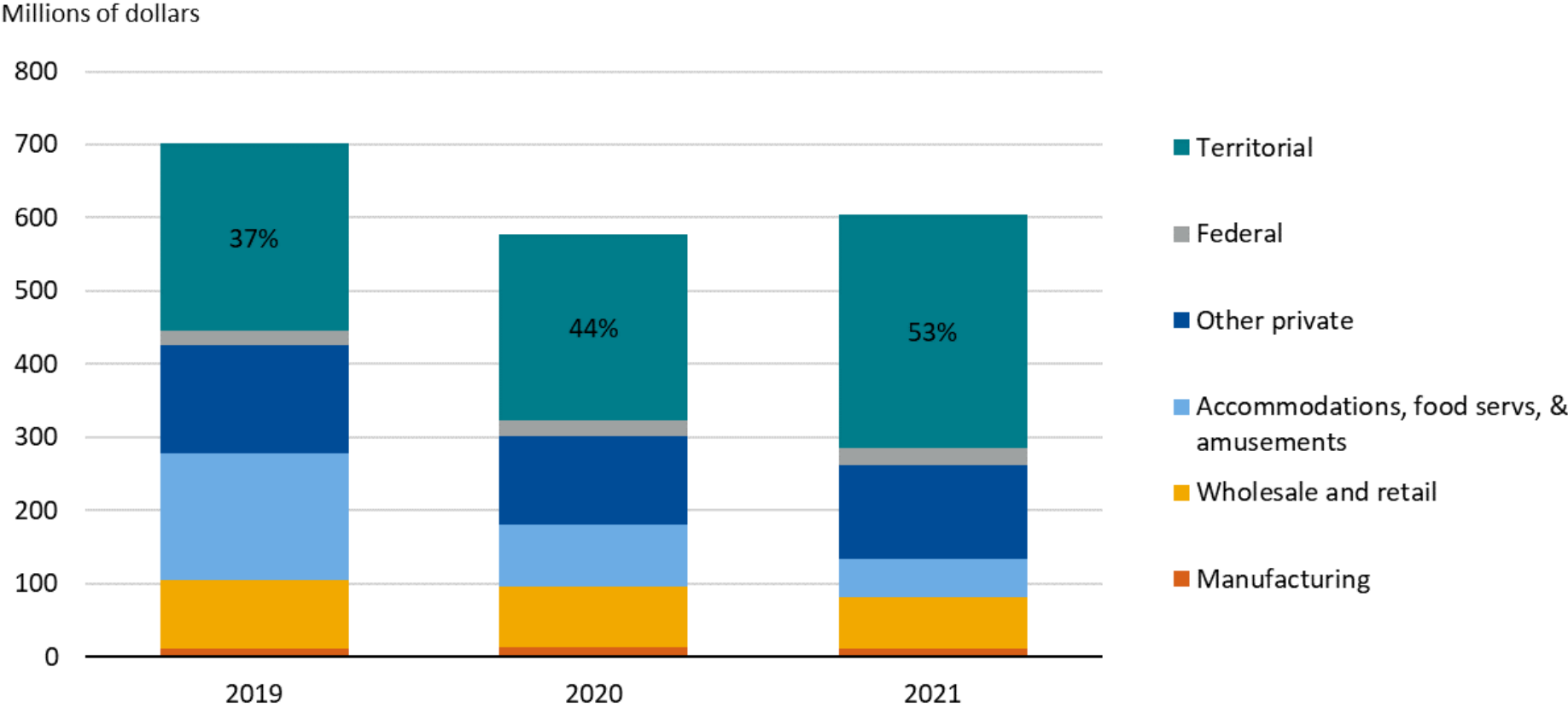
Includes revenues earned by private-sector businesses for government purchases of goods and services (including construction)

Includes growth in compensation of government employees

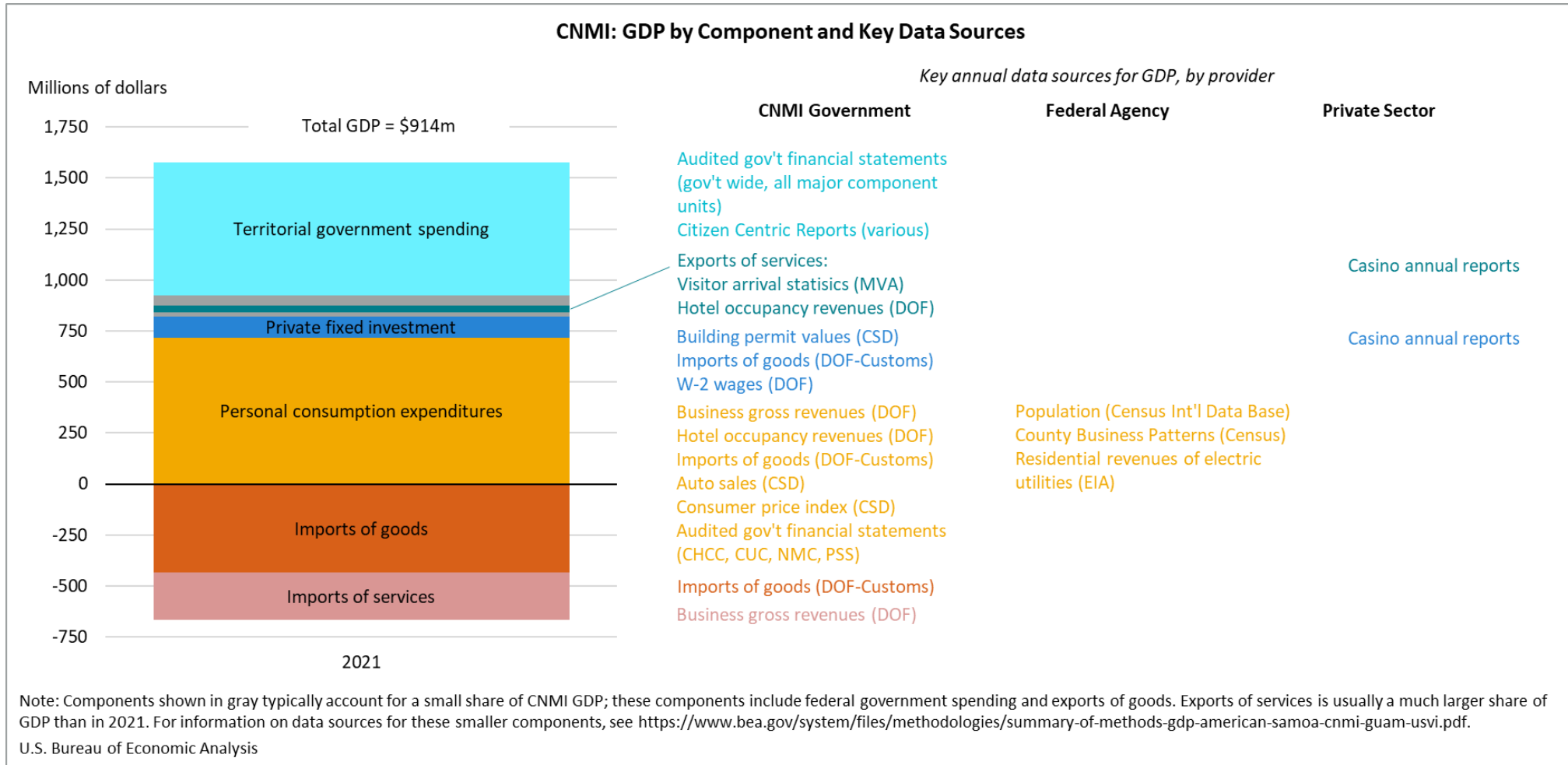
Note. The chart shows the percent change of total real GDP and the contributions (in percentage points) of each major industry grouping to that change. For example, territorial government accounted for 4.59 percentage points of the 5.1 percent increase in real GDP in 2021.
 U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Compensation by industry

CNMI: Compensation of Employees by Industry



U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis



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